Nikolai Rimsky-Korsakov

Concerto

for Trombone & Band

Transcribed & Edited for Trombone & Piano

by Dr. Timothy Hutchens

ens085

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FORWARD

Nicolay Andreyevich Rimsky-Korsakov's *Concerto for Trombone* stands as one of the most significant works in the instrument's repertoire. Composed around 1877 for performances on the island of Kronstadt in the Gulf of Finland—the port of St. Petersburg that is home to the Russian Admiralty—the *Concerto* was premiered in 1878 by a Warrant Officer named Leonev.

While the Concerto is a work that comes across the music stand of every student of the trombone, it is actually deceptively difficult. The Concerto requires nimble and precise articulation, the ability to phrase long, lyrical lines, a creative imagination to interpret its cadenzas, and bravura showmanship. It has been performed by amateurs and professionals alike and two seminal recordings have influenced countless trombonists: Davis Shuman (1952) with a band made up of members of the NBC Symphony and/ or the New York Philharmonic (the two pressings of his recording give conflicting information, although the first modern performance of the Concerto was made by Shuman and the Goldman Band in June 1952, shortly after Shuman's recording was made), and Victor Batashov (1971) with the U.S.S.R. Defense Ministry Band. Batashov's performance is notable for its authentic Russian style. Shuman, ever the showman, manipulated Rimsky-Korsakov's writing to fit his own skills, taking many passages up an octave, altering phrasing, and modifying the cadenzas. His edition of the *Concerto*, with a fiendishly difficult piano accompaniment made by trombonist Nikolay Sergeyevic Fedoseyev (who was a student of Vladislav Mikhailovich Blazhevich), became the basis for countless performances. Because Shuman's edition strayed so far from Rimsky-Korsakov's intentions, and because the marketplace contains countless faulty editions of the *Concerto*—most of which are based on Shuman's interpretation—there has long been a need for a publication that both is faithful to the composer's clearly stated ideas and has a new, more playable and accurate piano reduction.

Timothy Hutchens has given us just that, and it is a pleasure to recommend this new edition that is the product of his extensive research. Working from the earliest known source for the Concerto—a score in a copyist's hand with corrections by the composer—Hutchens has cut away the editing that has obscured the true beauty of Rimsky-Korsakov's gift to trombonists and their audiences. His new piano accompaniment not only solves the vexing technical problems of Fedoseyev's arrangement, but also restores voicings that now more accurately reflect Rimsky-Korsakov's original score. We owe Dr. Hutchens our thanks for—after waiting over 125 years—creating an edition of the Concerto that the composer would recognize as his own.

-Douglas Yeo

Bass Trombonist, Boston Symphony (retired)

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EDITOR'S NOTES

Since its modern premiere by Davis Shuman in 1952, Nikolai Rimsky-Korsakov's Concerto for Trombone has become a staple in the trombone repertoire for amateur and professional players alike. Written in 1877, the Concerto was first published in 1950 in the Complete Works of N. A. Rimsky-Korsakov, volume 25, edited by Yevgeny Petrovich Makarov. A short time later, Leeds Music Company published the Concerto with a reduction of the original wind band accompaniment for piano. This accompaniment originated in Russia, created by Nikolay Sergeyevich Fedoseyev, a student of Vladislav Blazehvich. Today, Fedoseyev's reduction is used in nearly all existing editions of Rimsky-Korsakov's Concerto.

Though it has long been the standard, Fedoseyev's reduction is not ideal for the collaborative pianist, nor does it sufficiently mirror Rimsky-Korsakov's own writing. The opening triplet motive, for instance, is often seen as an obstacle for the pianist to overcome. Previous editions of the Concerto have

also included numerous errors between the solo and accompaniment parts, including misplaced phrase markings and octave displacements, many of which were added by Shuman for his performances.

This new edition attempts to solve these and other issues that have vexed performers for more than 60 years, while providing a practical piano reduction that is faithful to the original band accompaniment. All dynamic and articulation markings are the composer's original marks. Editorial marks have been added with brackets throughout. Rimsky-Korsakov's original rehearsal numbers are included for historic reference, with each number appearing in a small circle; rehearsal letters have been added at phrase points for practical reference. The piano reduction was created with assistance from collaborative pianist Aimee Fincher.

-Dr. Timothy Hutchens

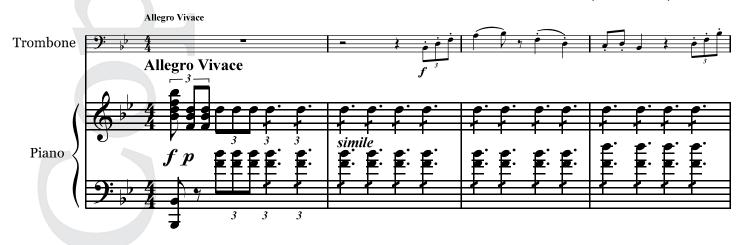
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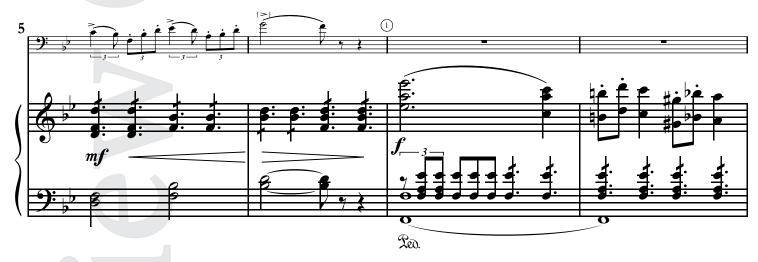
Concerto

for Trombone & Band

Nikolai Andreyevich Rimsky-Korsakov (1844-1908)

Transcribed & Edited by Dr. Timothy Hutchens



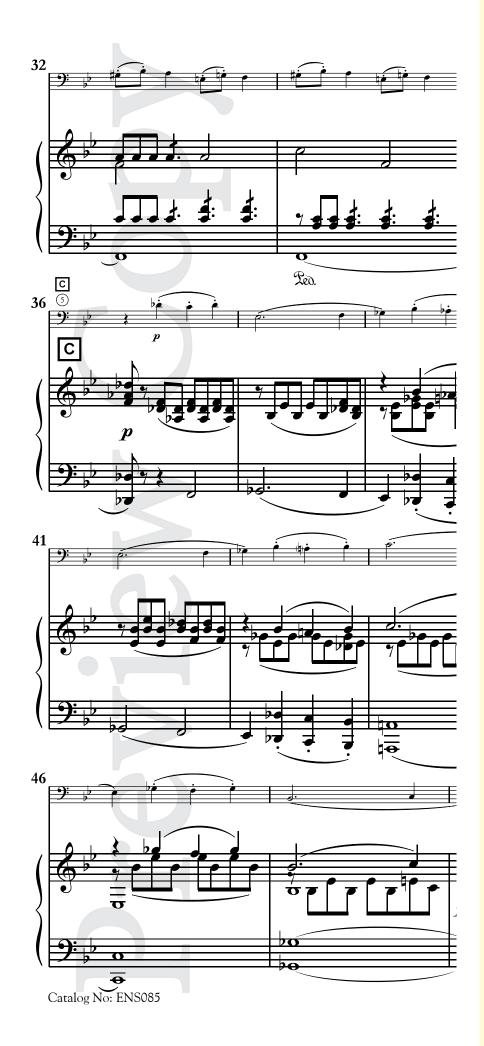




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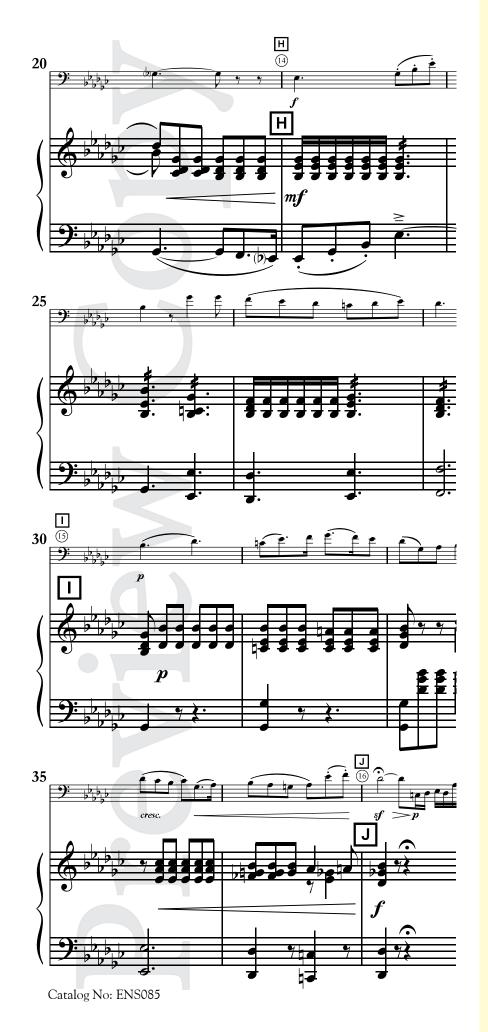
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